This Adelaide Advanced Nursery fact sheet is a guide only.

Eucalyptus camaldulensis

COMMON NAME; River Red Gum
FAMILY; Myrtaceae
ORIGIN; Australia
HEIGHT; 25mt-50mt
WIDTH; 15mt-35mt
HABIT; A majestic medium to tall tree with a massive trunk (when old), often dividing into several large low branches and open to moderately dense canopy. Bark is usually rough or coarse at the base, the upper trunk and branches smooth with blue-grey creamy yellow, or pinkish, decorticating (peeling) in irregular patches.
FOLIAGE; Evergreen. Mid green leaves 15-20cm long and 2cm wide, pendulous.
FLOWERS; 7-11 umbels of creamy white flowers 1.5cm across.
FLOWERING SEASON; Spring, but may spot flower at other times throughout the year.
FRUIT; Capsule, 6-7mm long, narrowed towards the rim.
CULTURE & USE; This tree has considerable value in large scale plantings in parks, golf courses, roadside plantings and anywhere that its eventual size is an advantage instead of a problem. Natural rainfall 250-635mm.
PRUNING; Some shaping of young trees may be required to develop a central leader and to thicken growth.
COMMENTS; Eucalyptus camaldulensis will thrive in wet occasionally waterlogged areas, but should not be used where drought and compaction is common. E. camaldulensis prefers deep alluvial soils but will grow satisfactorily on sandy and medium clay loams it is salt and wind tolerant and a valuable honey species. One disadvantage of the species is that they may drop the occasional branch during hot weather.

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